

Contents Page

Ngahere for Teams	3	
Wero tahi:	4	
Embrace the Six x One Challenge as a team	-	
Wero rua:	5	
Karakia and Waiata		
Wero toru:	6	
Earthing together – connecting to Papatuānuku		
Wero whā:	7	
Calling in resources individually and together		
Wero whitu:	8	
Vulnerability		
Wero rima:	9	\$ 063
Triggers and activations		
Wero ono:	10	
Clearings and courageous conversations		
Appendix 1	11	

The Ngahere journey began with hauora workshops for individuals. These workshops introduced a practice of taking one-minute micropauses throughout each day to slow down, calm and unwind our nervous system, and come back into our connected, whole and essential selves. To help people do this, we offered a series of brief guided processes and meditations, 'Hā moments'. We challenged workshop participants to make time for six Hā moments each day to build the strengths of this meditative process into their body systems, and the systems they work in.

Often in the busyness of working life we don't take the time to build the relationships, undo the entanglements and make space for the connection required for everyone to feel safe, seen, heard, and able to thrive. We can all bring our medicine and pūmanawa to unleash our full potential into the mahi.

Ngahere for teams aims to help you do this by building on the Hā moments and adding other processes to help your team's wellbeing and connectivity. As you practice your Hā moments and our other processes, over time, your team will become like a ngahere; grounded, connected to each other, reaching to the light, with all parts bringing their medicine and pūmanawa into the taio.

Through Ngahere for Teams, we will encourage you to build on what we offer, to give the Hā moment process and the other processes a go, to learn what works for you and what doesn't, and perhaps prototype some ideas of your own.

We are working with both Te Ao Māori and modern western science around the nervous system. Our nervous system provides a map for understanding our responses and how to create enough safety and connection for all to bring their gifts into a team and also to be able to keep the team space digesting and integrating all the experiences that happen.

Also bring your individual, team and organisational wisdom, cultures and creativity into this process.

Our framing for each of the ngahere processes includes these elements:



Whakataukī a significant saying, an inspirational statement, quote, or proverb



Hononga and Rongoā a remedy, a treatment, a guidance, a process for your team connection



Whakaata /reflection considering what is changing as we practice connecting together more deeply.

Wero tahi:

Embrace the Six x One Challenge as a team

Whakataukī

"These times are urgent, slow down."

Bayo Akomolafe, evolutionary African decoloniser and philosopher

Hononga process

The Six x One Challenge is designed to encourage people to take Hā moments, micropauses throughout the day, every day. It is about taking a minute, six times a day, to come back into your connected, whole and essential self. It's about making space to plug in the goodness of life, so we can bring that into our bodies, and to our whanau and to our organisations. To cultivate mauri ora! These micropauses help us calm our nervous system. Every day that we practice these micropauses, we teach our minds and bodies to learn the art of unwinding, while reducing stress and reconnecting us to our breathing, loving, living selves. If all individuals within the team make time for Hā moments, it can make a big difference to how everyone connects. Stressed people find it harder to truly connect. It also can have a huge impact on a culture. Everyone benefits when we wire in this more essential state of ease and wisdom into our working relationships.

The Six x One process is a practice, and a discipline, but those six minutes a day do wonders for rewiring a stressed system, bringing it back into connectivity, nourishment and vitality.

The Six x One process

Each Hā moment exercise has three elements to guide and ground you;

Whakataukī; a significant saying, an inspirational statement, quote, or proverb.

Pūmanawa; a way to think about our superpowers, the tūpuna ancestor-given gifts which each of us have.

Rongoā; a remedy, a treatment, a guidance for your Hā moment.

The Six x One principles are:

- · Commit to giving it a go, suspending judgement of yourself, the practice and the process.
- For each of the six minutes, get off all devices and do something that brings you joy, ease, and connection.
- · Use our suggestions to guide your Hā moments if you wish or find your own pathways to peacefulness.
- · Notice what happens in you as you take a minute to nurture yourself.

Challenge all those in the team to give this a go. It would be great if one day a week you did this all together. Schedule your six one minute Hā moments for the whole team, so everyone stops at the same time. You could do the same thing, or all do your own things. Try each person leading something for the one minute for all of you. It is fun and nourishing, and connective. Try this in your meetings. It is great to have collective pauses in our often tense or pressured meetings.

Whakaata/Reflection:

- · What was challenging in implementing this?
- Do you think this simple and nourishing practice is hard? If so, what are the barriers?
- · How might you adapt it so it works better for you, without diminishing the amount of pauses?
- · Did you try it in some of your team meetings? If so, what are you noticing about it for you and for the team?

Wero rua:

Karakia and Waiata

Whakataukī

Hā ki roto, Hā ki waho Kia tau te mauri e kōkiri nei I nga piki me ngā heke Ko te rangimarie tāku e rapu nei Tihei mauri orav

Breathe in, breathe out Settle the mauri that stirs inside of me Through the ups and the downs It is peace that I seek



Hononga process

Hononga process: Both karakia and waiata have vibrational resonance that shift our kare-a-roto, emotions and feelings. They are a way of sharing stories, of bringing us from sadness into joy, and from darkness into light. They can be waiata-tangi to mourn those whom have passed, waiata aroha to the people and the things we love. They come in the form of mōteatea, traditional type chants to lift, tautoko, support and awhi kaupapa.

Karakia

Karakia can support our ngahere process in many ways. Karakia are a transmission into a space – to gather, protect, acknowledge, centre, clear, integrate, celebrate, heal, transform – all depending on the intent for the karakia and the ability of the speaker. Karakia are used often at the beginning and the end of gatherings and meetings, but you can use them anytime where needed.

Waiata

Waiata are also a powerful way to engage and ground a team. They can celebrate the wholeness of life while helping us to clear, acknowledge, heal, re-centre, re-gather, assist a speaker or support a message

For Pākehā, the potency of karakia and waiata can be accentuated when you stand in your own whakapapa and speak from your own tradition.

You may already be working with the beautiful process of waiata. If not, try bringing a waiata to the start and end of your meetings - and in the middle if everyone is getting stressed.

Whakaata/Reflection:

- · What are you noticing with these deep practices?
- · What is coming alive in you?
- · What is coming alive in the team?
- · What are you seeing from helping your collective nervous system relax, be nourished and focus?

Wero toru:

Earthing together – connecting to Papatuānuku

Whakataukī

Ko au te whenua, ko te whenua, ko au

I am the land and the land is me



Hononga process

We often talk about grounding but rarely do it. A grounded team can be such a gift to everyone and can help release more pūmanawa into our mahi. Grounding is about connection to Papatuānuku, acknowledging that we are part of nature, part of Papatuānuku. Connecting back to her, connects us back to the flow of life and helps us connect to each other.

Grounding practices are wonderful at the beginning of a meeting, and during the meeting when things get tense or heady. Grounding also helps us reduce the stress in our system. We often come into a meeting with carry-on baggage from the last meeting, from the day before, or from life. Grounding gives people time to digest what belongs to the past and orientate to the kaupapa of the meeting.

Doing grounding practices together is both a compassionate practice and a clearing. These practices can reduce or remove tension, and help people bring their attention to their whole body and all their intelligence centres, not just the mind. It creates the conditions for a fully embodied effective meeting.

The practice is to invite everyone in the meeting into this simple grounding process.

- · Ask them to notice they have arms and legs. This helps bring us out of our heads and more into our bodies.
- Then ask them to feel into their feet and to feel their feet on the ground, then imagine roots growing out of their feet and through the floorboards and into the earth herself. They can grow big and thick and long and go way down kilometres deep into the earth and find a resting place. Then everyone can feel what it feels like to have their roots way down into the earth.
- Invite everyone to take a few breaths, breathing in the nourishment and grounding of the earth up into all the cells of their body and then releasing tension down through their body, their roots and into the earth. The earth makes compost of our tension and returns nourishment to us.
- You can deepen this process by asking people to digest whatever they are sitting with from the last meeting, or something they haven't had a chance to process from elsewhere in their life, by inviting this into the body and down through the roots into Papatuānuku.

Again, you can do this grounding practice at the start of meetings, or during when people get contracted and stressed and need a pause, to plug in, to refuel, and reconnect to the mahi.

Whakaata/Reflection:

- · What do you notice as a team about practicing this?
- · What are the barriers that keep us out of this rich, resourced and intelligent space?
- · What does the space feel like after you have all done this?
- What impact does it have on the team and the meeting? Do you feel a growing connection for yourself and your team to Papatuānuku?

Wero whā:

Calling in resources individually and together

Whakataukī

"There are so many meetings where no one meets".

Hononga process

Many of us are trapped on trauma highways rushing, fixing, proving,

disconnecting – fuelled with tension and pressure. This way of being feels normal but it has an impact on our way of being, with ourselves and together. Coming back into our optimal place of mauri ora and mauri tau is about getting off those trauma highway, its about and coming back into connection with ourselves and each other. This is an approach to doing this.

- Invite people at the start of the meeting (and during the meeting when you feel the need) to pause and connect back to their bodies and breath. Inviting people to take a breath seems small but can do a lot.
- Then ask people to call to mind and imagine they connect with something that supports and re-sources them. It might be their breath, their body, whānau, whenua, moana, ancestors, music whatever nourishes them. If you invite them each to connect to their special taonga and bring it close, a rich mix of resources comes into the room to nourish each individual and the team. It is a lovely thing to give people the option to share with team the taonga they have brought into the meeting. Nourishing each nervous system, also nourishes the whole team and helps the team come back into a place where they can relax and bring their full self and pūmanawa into the mahi.
- You can also play with some real time resourcing. Play some music, share a breathing exercise, or stretch or dance together or movement or just listen to some music, or sing a waiata. It is great to use this when things get tense invite everyone to resource for the tension that is arising. This can do wonders in terms of breaking tension and reconnecting people during a meeting. (While it might seem weird, our more orthodox way of holding meetings with tense bodies and not much movement is way more weird!) Tense bodies do not make optimal decisions.

Whakaata/Reflection:

- · What did you try?
- · What worked, what didn't, what are you noticing?
- · What did you enjoy about doing this?
- What resources did you find that you can use to refresh and replenish you when you need support? What was common to the team? What was the impact of bringing these into the team meeting?
- · What did you appreciate about hearing or feeling other people's resources?

The following three processes are aimed at helping with clean leadership – keep a team clean and clearing up so that all feel safe enough and the team can truly hum.

It all starts with the willingness to be vulnerable and for that we need to increase our safety and sense of belonging. These next three processes 5-7 will help you with that.



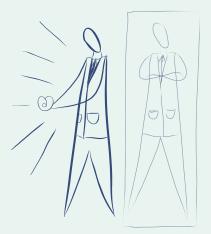
Wero whitu:

Vulnerability

Whakataukī

"Courage starts with showing up and letting ourselves be seen." "Vulnerability sounds like truth and feels like courage. Truth and courage aren't always comfortable, but they're never weakness."

"Vulnerability is the birthplace of love, belonging, joy, courage, empathy, creativity." - Brene Brown



Hononga process

Softening and being vulnerable is a wonderful process if you allow it. We don't need to be hard to be effective. We can't practice our truth without being vulnerable. The truth is we are all vulnerable to each other, and to the collective issues we face. To be vulnerable, we need to feel safe.

Have a team session on what people need to feel safe so they can practice vulnerability. We need more cues of safety in a team than cues of danger for this to work. Aroha atu, aroha mai – what do we give and what do we need to receive? Ask each person what they need as an agreement to feel safe and what they will also give to the group to be safe for the group. See if you can keep these agreements alive and remind the team about these agreements when unsafe behaviour emerges. Lack of safety will always stifle authenticity.

Here are some questions to help each member of the team think about vulnerability.

- · How can you start naming your own vulnerability more?
- · What would you need in order for this to happen?
- · How can you help with others sharing their vulnerability?
- · How do you work with vulnerability as a core strength?
- What would be true for you in your relationships as a team if you had the courage to speak your truth as a team?
- · What might you say and to who? Where might there need more give and where more boundaries.

Give people the option to share together with the team what the questions have revealed for them as individuals – and what that might mean for them as members of the team.

Whakaata/Reflection:

- · What was it like to discuss safety in your group?
- · How do you want to practice this?
- · What worked, and what didn't?
- · How do you think you can keep growing your safety and belonging with each other?

Wero rima:

Triggers and activations

Whakataukī

We think that what pushes our buttons is outside us. But our buttons are inside us – and these triggers and the way we react to them when they are pushed tell us something about us. If we acknowledge our buttons, they can be fuel for insight, growth, truth and boundaries.



Hononga process

Start a process of working with your triggers and activations. Most triggers are coming with the weight of the past. We grow when we park judgement of these triggers, inquire into them, look to see what is arising that we can use to learn, and heal. Triggers and activations are part of post-traumatic growth. They are trying to help our system grow and expand from its previous position of protection. Here are some questions to help you explore triggers and activations. As you work through these questions, remember self-compassion is key to unlocking our understanding.

- Start with something that someone is doing or saying that is triggering you now. Ask yourself; what am I accusing the other person or people of, or how am I judging them?
- Do I accuse or judge myself in the same way? Do I do this same thing myself? Have I owned or worked with that?
- What in this situation reminds me of something in the past that I am projecting onto the person in front of me?
- What am I angry at myself about in this situation and what would I like to ask for in the situation? What might I need from them?
- · What might I need to change?
- How can I resource myself and come back to mauri ora to find out what support I need, do the inquiry and then decide what action or clearing needs to happen?
- What is trying to grow as a capacity in me? This can be hard to find but it can be something like a boundary you need to set, a truth you need to say, a need you could express or a vulnerability you could risk.

When teams are 'deliberately developmental' - meaning everyone is prepared to work with their triggers as growth - so much potential for inspiration and innovation can be freed up. That is because our wairua isn't going round in circles with stories of each other - that can be exhausting!

Whakaata/Reflection:

- · What was it like to work through a trigger?
- · What were your resistances, what did you find out?
- · What do you think is trying to grow in you?
- · What did you enjoy?
- · What was hard?
- · What can you see as the potential for this practice?

Wero ono:

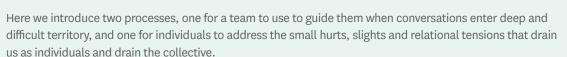
Clearings and courageous conversations

Whakataukī

Elephants are built by conversations that don't happen when they need to.

Hononga process

Teams often hit tensions that can arise from small interpersonal issues through to systemic issues around major topics such as colonisation. Tension can be a new future trying to emerge, something trying to change. It is how we work with these tensions that matters. As teams we need to know how to work with these issues when they arise.



The processes, approached with aroha, can help us have challenging and healing conversations. They are designed to be deep enough and safe enough. Use them as guides and change them as necessary for your own cultural context. If you want to adapt the protocols for your culture, remember to retain the key elements that support safety and reconnection.

In all senior teams we work with we require that people commit to regular clearings for the benefit of the whole team. These are deeper conversations between people where the tension has arisen and hasn't been cleared. The highest form of trust is rupture and repair; we know we will not be perfect, but we commit to staying in relationship to each other, and clearing what needs to be cleared for our connection to be free of tension again.

- Before you start to use one or both of these processes, it is useful for each person in the team to do a mind map of their relationships and what state they are in. Are they clear, or could they do with some clearing? Are there some boundaries needed or more truth telling?
 - Put yourself in the centre of your mind map your relational web and then map your close relationships work and broader life and consider the quality of them. What is the mauri of that relationship? You could use a scale: robust and intimate; collegial and working well; elephants between us; stuck; need to be built; abusive relationships that need to be walked away from.
- It is illuminating to rate them and then also to note in your mind map what patterns of yours are playing out, and where these came from. Then from here you can practice anew.

Once you have done this map then pick one relatively safe and not too hard relationship to start with to do a clearing process. We would really recommend that you stick to the format above as much as possible, it is designed to be safe and deep enough to clear. Of course, amend it for your cultural context.

Whakaata/Reflection:

- · What were your fears around doing this practice?
- · How did you prepare yourself? What surprised you in the conversation?
- · How did you both feel after?
- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ What can you see might happen if everyone in a team committed to this?



Clearings Process and challenging conversations in teams.

These times require us to dig deep into ourselves to be able to play our part in helping lead and create a world where all beings and the planet thrives. It will require dissolving structures that do not serve this and rebuilding new ones together. We need to "hospice out the old world and midwife in the new". This requires that teams together work out how to do this in their organisation and system. These two processes, one for a team and one for individuals, help us have the challenging and healing conversations that help rewire every connection we make across hurt.

Clearings process for individuals when tension has arisen and is impacting the relationship and the team or culture

This process can be done when you and the other person feel safe enough together.

1. Reflect (person A) on who in the team you have a small entanglement with? Reflect on the source of where it started – what happened (or didn't – it might just be your judgement) that made you turn away from the person – even a little bit. All entanglements involve a hurt, so don't just think about what happened. Think about your hurt, and what happened in you.

What was the impact on you, what was your response inside you to them? Reflect on whether this is a pattern for you – what core source wound of yours is actually trying to arise via this person to be healed? You don't have to get this all sorted – it is an exploration. Also think about what resources you bring to have this conversation, and what your motivation is. Healing and coming back into connection is always a good start.

- 2. Approach the person involved (person B) and ask for a clearing. Sort together a time and space that works for you both. Decide if you need another person, or you both need another person. You may not need anyone. If you want to bring other people into the process, share it with them and talk them through it so they also come prepared.
- When you meet just take time to connect first. Allow time for you both to bring into the conversation the image or memory of something

that grounds you from whānau, whenua, moana, ancestors, music - whatever nourishes you. Agree the timing and the process.

- 4. Person A leads the conversation and goes over:
 - How you feel about the relationship "I" statements, not 'you' statements. "I feel that...'
 What impact the person has had on you via what happened. ("I" statements not you statements
 - How this relates to your past and patterns you are aware of and still working through yourself.
 - What you need them to know and what you need to be different for you. What you would like.
- 5. Person B then reflects back what they heard to ensure they understood. They don't intervene they just listen. The process allows for them to reflect back later in the conversation. Person A lets Person B know if they feel Person B has understood them, and if necessary, clarifies points that were important and missed.
- 6. Person B then shares same process as point 4 above
- Person A then reflects back to Person B on what they heard and understood
- 8. Then allow time for some mutual sharing on how the connection feels now.
- 9. At this stage you can both step away. You don't have to agree next steps immediately – you can let the energy of restoration do its work. If either of you feel some next steps are needed, keep them simple.

Process for challenging conversations within teams

In team meetings we often hit huge issues that cause tension. These issues come into the room, via the dynamics within the team. We feel them as tension, or awkwardness, or a palpable feeling of discomfort when no-one knows quite what to say or do. But these uncomfortable moments are actually a part of the trauma field trying to be seen and heard; to be transformed and healed. This is the path towards evolving a new system. Teams can learn to become good at allowing the big issues, and meeting them together, but this does require a different method than many are used to. Below is a process for meeting these challenges. You could see if your team is willing

Appendix 1

to give it a go, to try this process as a fresh approach to addressing uncomfortable situations. The common pattern of burying these issues actually creates more harm and disconnect and entangles a culture further.

- Notice that tension is arising in the meeting and something is creating that tension—it could be a comment, a topic, a disagreement, a lack of a way to move forward, a stuckness in the orthodox paradigm, or superiority.
- 2. The team can then acknowledge it is hitting a difficult or challenging place and activate a challenging conversation process or process. Pause and name the conversation and agree to use the process.
- Pause further, so everyone can ground and breathe and resource themselves for the conversation.
 Bring in what support they need to have the conversation—eg connection to earth, ancestors, breath, body.
- 4. Everyone says how they enter the conversation what state are they in for the korero and aroha atu/ aroha mai—what they will give into the conversation and what they need to receive from the group to fully participate.
- 5. Call on what resources you as a team need to be in the essential place. Let go of wanting to win or be right, and move towards wanting to connect and navigate and evolve the issue.
- 6. Take care of the person who is mainly holding or bringing the conversation, and those that it mainly impacts. See specifically what support they need. It may impact them the most. Consider where they sit at the table and who they want to sit with them—allow people to shift places where needed to provide support.
- 7. Let everyone at the table presence:
 - how the issue impacts them
 - · how they feel about it
 - · what they need as individuals
 - what they would love for the team to evolve in having the conversation
 - what they fear and how this creates a barrier for change
 - what their judgements are that are getting the way of change

- 8. Then do another round on content:
 - What each person sees as the nature of the problem.
 - Acknowledge what worldview you are in as you approach the problem and what this worldview might privilege. Which ways of knowing, being, doing, and valuing are you prioritising?
 - Is white superiority or institutional racism present where one worldview is taking precedence and causing pain to others. How does this show up here?
 - · What might be possible to dismantle?
 - What needs to grow and evolve to truly create a new world?
 - What is everyone holding that needs to be restored?
 - Can we be in "withness" with it all to let it move through—not trying to suppress or control what is there?
 - Can we come back to the mauri—the life-force of connection, vitality, and flow—to create next steps and evolutionary pathways?
- 9. Decide together if this is an issue that can change quickly or is a slow burn issue.
- 10. Decide what resources are going to be put into creating some evolutionary pathway how you will experiment with something different.
- 11. Everyone presences how they leave the conversation and if they need anything further resolved or they agree to a clearing between individuals. Check in especially with the holder and those impacted.

 Everyone needs to checkout.
- 12. Then find a way to plug back into presence, mauri ora, grounding, before you leave karakia and waiata, or something connecting is good.